# The London Gazette.

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*Lisbon, March* 14. *N. S.*

THE Court is returned from Salvaterra, where his Majesty had been for some time, by the Advice of his Physicians, for the Benefit of the Air. On the 11th Instant, Don Pedro Mascarenhas, General of the Portugueze Forces, went towards the Frontiers, to adjust some Disputes with the Marquis de Bay, and to declare a Prolongation of the Suspension of Arms with the Crowns of France and Spain for four Months. Our Troops from Catalonia are expected here in a few Days. They have observed a very good Discipline in their March, and were treated with great Civility by the Spaniards. The Brazil Fleet is appointed to sail from hence on the 25th Instant.

*Venice, March* 24. *N. S.* The Troops of Prussia and Saxe-Gotha are now got out of Italy. Monsignor Valemani, who is appointed to carry the Red Cap to the new Cardinal Odescalchi, is gone from hence to worship St. Anthony at Padua, after which he intends to set out for Poland. They write from Rome, that the Marquis de Susa had left that Place extreamly well satisfied with the Reception he had met from the Pope, the Cardinals, and the Nobility. Monsignor Aldobrandini had got ready his Equipage to go to Paris, and from thence to Ma[illegible] in order to adjust the Differences between the Roman and Spanish Courts: But upon some new Difficulties lately started, his Commission hath been revoked, and one Timotee, a French Capuchin, is to be sent to Paris about this and other Affairs, which are thought of great Importance to the Popish Religion. Cardinal Albani hath been at Civita Vecchia with several eminent Physicians, who in his Presence tried and approved the Water brought thither through Trajan's Aquaduct, lately restored. A Vessel is come in from Smyrna with Advice, that the Turks continued to raise Troops there, at Cairo, and other Places, in order to form a considerable Army.

*Hanover, March* 28. *N. S.* Our last Advices from Holstein bring an Account, that the Preparations of the Allies for the Bombarding of Tonningen went on very slowly, and that Count Steinbock had taken such care to guard the Passages, that no more of his Men could get away to the Danes; so that the Desertion among them was entirely ceased. The King of Denmark continued encamped at Husum. He hath sent Four thousand Men of his Troops to Zeland, to prevent the Designs of the Swedes, who threaten to make a Descent upon that Island. By a Letter from Monsieur Fabrice, the Administrator of Holstein's Envoy to the King of Sweden, dated from Bender, we have received a Confirmation of his Majesty's being taken Prisoner by the Turks, and conducted to Salonica, with his Chancellor and four more of his Principal Ministers. Some other Advices add, that the Grand Signior had resolved to send him by Sea to Marseilles, that he might return from thence into his own Dominions.

*Hamburgh, April* 4. *N. S.* The Elector of Hanover hath forbid any Cattle to be brought into his Dominions from Mecklenburg, where they are infected with a contagious Distemper. The King of Denmark hath ordered the Nobility of Holstein to assemble this Day. It is said he expects they should take the Oath of Fidelity to him, and present him with a free Gift. He hath also published an Edict, commanding all the Subjects of that Dutchy to pay their Taxes henceforwards to his Receivers. His Majesty hath directed his Minister at Ratisbonne to acquaint the Diet, That the Administrator having let the Swedes into Tonningen, he is obliged by the Laws of War, to treat the Holsteiners as Enemies. The Water hath been so low in the Eyder, that for some time the Boats laden with the Saxon Artillery could get no farther than Rendesburg; but the River being since encreased by the Rains that have fallen lately, it is now arrived at Frederickstadt. A great number of Waggons is likewise gone to the same Place with Ammunition from Gluckstadt, in order to bombard Tonningen, where the Swedes have Three thousand Men in Garrison, the rest of their Forces being still encamped at Gardinguen. Prince Menzikoff and Count Steinbock have agreed together upon an exchange of Prisoners, and those of Sweden are to be transported to Wismar, by vertue of this Convention. The Czar hath made a Declaration, that he will entirely destroy the Dutchy of Pomerania, in case the Swedes transport any more Forces to that Country. Count Schonborn is to go soon to the Court of Berlin, to concert Measures with the King of Prussia for putting an end to the Troubles in the North, and it is said he will propose the raising a considerable Body of Men, in order to force either Party that stands out, to a Compliance.

*Brussels, April* 6 *N. S.* Our new Council of State continues to dispatch the Affairs of these Countries with great exactness and diligence, to the Satisfaction of the People; the Body of which is in their Interest, notwithstanding the Opposition made by the old Council to their Administration, and a Cabal formed in the States of Brabant, not to acknowledge them. Those of Hainault, and three Members of those of Flanders, have already submitted to them, and it is thought the States of this Province will do the like, since the Emperor's Ministers at Utrecht have disapproved the Conduct of the old Council. On the second at Night a Party of French, consisting of Fifty Men, being favoured with a thick Mist, took away the Standards and Kettle-drums of the Earl of Athlone's Regiment, and killed a few Troopers that endeavoured to oppose them. The Convoy of Ammunition, designed for Aeth, set out from hence two Days ago.

*Utrecht, April* 7. *N. S.* On the 3d the Ministers of the Allies held a Conference at the Town-house, as usual, and afterwards those of the Protestant Powers had a Meeting at the Lord Privy Seal's House. The Queen's Plenipotentiaries have received several Expresses from Great Britain within a few Days, and have been often in Conference with most of the other Ministers. Advice is come to those of France, that the Dutchess of Berry is delivered of a Son. A Courier from Turin hath brought the Plenipotentiaries of Savoy, the Ratification of the Treaty, lately concluded here, for a Suspension of Arms between the Crown of France and his Royal Highness. Count Rosenbergh, Envoy of his Imperial Majesty to the King of Portugal, arrived here two Days ago, and will shortly set out for England, in his way to Lisbon. The Marquis de Montegro, Deputy from the States of Catalonia, is likewise preparing to go from hence to London. Count Metternich, one of the Plenipotentiaries of Prussia, being ordered by the King his Master to reside at Ratisbonne, hath taken leave of all the Ministers. Last Night Count Sinzendorff received a Courier from

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